The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 4

THURSDAY, JULY 3. 1735.

N°. 4.

Of the Marks of a good Adminiſtration.

IS the greateſt Advantage of Men in private or publick Life to know their Friends from their Enemies, and to diſtinguiſh rightly thoſe whom they ought to confide in, and thoſe whom they ought to diſtruſt. The Service, nay, the Preſervation of States depends on the Strength and Succeſs of a faithful Adminiſtration; as the Fidelity of a Miniſtry depends on the Wiſdom of the People's Choice, and their Support upon the Continuance of the People's Affection.

THERE cannot be a ſtronger Security deſired, than that thoſe whom the People advance to Power are attached, by their Principles and by their Intereſts, to the Cauſe of Liberty; that the Families from whence their Miniſters ſprung, have always been Aſſertors of the Publick Rights, and never aſſiſted Publick Oppreſſion; that their Education, their Alliances, their Friendſhips and Parties, have always favoured the Liberties of their Country, and that their Fortunes are embarked in the ſame Bottom with thoſe of their Countrymen; that if ever the Security of Property is loſt, or render'd precarious, they muſt ſuffer the ſame Damage with others, and cannot exempt themſelves from ſharing any Misfortunes which bad Meaſures or evil Counſels may bring upon the Publick.

THE next Advantage to a Nation is, that their Miniſters have great and undeniable Abilities; that they became firſt in Power by being firſt in the Credit of their Country; that they were not placed at the Head of the People by mere Dint of Royal Favour, but were recommended to Royal Favour, by having already raiſed themſelves to be the Heads of the People; that they were trained up in the Publick Service, and had great Experience in all the Offices of Buſineſs before they were promoted to the Heighth of Authority, and that they are Superior in Power rather by ſurviving than by ſupplanting Men of equal Capacity.

As theſe Circumſtances make ſuch Miniſters worthy to be the Choice of a People, the Conformity of their Behaviour in Power, with the Merits which recommended them to it, muſt entitle them to the Continuance of the People's Regard.

THE firſt Characteriſtick of a good Adminiſtration, is a ſacred Regard for the Laws, that the Certainty of them be moſt firm, and the Sanctity of them moſt pure; that the Adminiſtration of Juſtice be not only uncorrupted but unſuſpected, and the Seats of Judicature ſupply'd with Men, whom not the Arts of Courts, nor Jobbs of State, nor ſervile Diſpoſitions, nor dependent Fortunes, have recommended to Preferment; but whom the concurring Approbation of Mankind had raiſed to the higheſt Eminence of the Bar before they were elevated to the Bench; Men whoſe Authority was Law before they were Judges in the Courts; whoſe Fortunes were above Temptation before they accepted Employments, and who were truſted by every Man of his own free Choice, before they were called to Publick Truſt by the Choice of their Sovereign.

ANOTHER Mark of a faithful Miniſtry, is their due Regard to the Authority and Liberty of Parliaments, that every Act and Meaſure of Government be ſubmitted to the Diſcuſſion of the People's Repreſentatives, and every Inſtance of *their Advice* made a Rule of Government not to be departed from; that the Weight and Influence of the Crown be wholly directed to the Good of the Publick, and never employ'd againſt the Happineſs of the People; that the Royal Prerogative be never oppoſed to the Rights of Parliament, nor the Royal Aſſent refuſed to Bills which have paſſed both Houſes of Parliament. And when this great Conſideration is ſhewn to the People, when their Repreſentatives have this Share in the Government of their Country, and this mighty Exerciſe of Supreme Power, they muſt ſee and feel, that the Intereſts of the Adminiſtration are the Intereſts of the People, and that they cannot have Miniſters more truly their Servants and their Friends, or more worthy of all their Support.

To theſe may be added, what muſt be the Conſequence of an Adminiſtration, which preſerves the Conſtitution of Parliaments, and the Courſe of Juſtice inviolate, that the Lives of Men will be moſt ſafe under ſuch a Government; that neither the Weak will be the Victims of their Violence, nor the Strong the Objects of their Vengeance; that illuſtrious Blood will not be ſhed, nor Oppreſſions multiplied to ſupport their Power; that their Jealouſy, their Anger, or their Revenge will not be gratified by the Perverſion of Law, nor Oppoſition loaded with Penalties, nor the Tongues and Thoughts of Men with Reſtraints; but that all Men have Liberty to act for the Publick, without Danger to their Perſons, to examine the Conduct of publick Affairs, and to oppoſe all Attempts which endanger the common Intereſt.

THE next undoubted Mark of a good Adminiſtration is the equal Protection of different Perſuaſions in Religion, that no Man be invaded in the Liberty of Conſcience, nor injured for his Sentiments in the Concern of his Salvation. As it is the higheſt Form, and moſt odious Species of Tyranny to enthral the Mind of Man, and compel him to acknowledge Opinions which he does not believe, or to abjure Opinions of which he is a Believer; it is the ſhining Merit, and the inconteſtible Evidence of a good Government where all Opinions are free; where no Inquiſitions are made into Mens Conſciences, nor Hardſhips annexed to Modes of Religion: Where this is the Advantage of any People, it is, at the ſame time, a Virtue in their Adminiſtration, which deſerves all Acknowledgment, if every Attempt to leſſen this Liberty is treated by their Governors with the greateſt Abhorrence; if thoſe Miniſters are free from any Imputations of giving up the Rights of one Part of Mankind to the Bigotry and Superſtition of others, or of gaining Zealots and Churchmen to their Cauſe by the Sacrifice of Diſſenters, or of engaging a Faction to aid them againſt Civil Liberty, by contracting with them for the Deſtruction of Religious Right.

THERE are other Marks, by which Miniſters may be diſtinguiſhed with eminent Advantage: When they ſhew, that no Power or Proſperity can make them forget their Relation to the People; when their Affability and Candour to their Inferiors is ſuch as if they knew of no Superiority; when their perfect Knowledge of publick Buſineſs makes them ſcorn all Diſguiſe and Myſtery, and every Appearance of Impoſture in tranſacting it; when they are irreproachable in all the Duties of private Life; when they have no Enemies in the World, but ſuch whoſe Ambition is their only Cauſe of Quarrel, and none in Oppoſition to them, but ſuch as, in ſpite of their Reſentments, envy their Abilities even more than their Authority, whilſt their perſonal Friends are more numerous, and of greater Diſtinction than Men in Power have uſually enjoyed before them

BUT there are other Advantages, which, I fear, the *longeſt Liver* amongſt us will never be able to rejoice in under any Adminiſtration: That no Misfortunes ſhall happen to the Times; that Wars ſhall not moleſt the World; that Corruptions ſhall not infect the State; that all the Officers of a Government ſhall be as exact in their Duty as thoſe who are higheſt in Authority; that Oppoſition ſhall not be mixed with Diſaffection; that private and immoderate Ambition ſhall not create publick Uneaſineſs; that Miniſters ſhall not have faithleſs Friends and unreaſonable Enemies, will never be the Bleſſing of any People in the World: And if a juſt Adminiſtration is never to be allowed, which hath not theſe Advantages, I muſt yield the Debate, and acknowledge, that there never was, nor will, nor can be, a faithful, ſkilful, deſerving Adminiſtration in the World; and that the preſent is, of all others, the fartheſt removed from that Character.

FRA. WALSINGHAM.

LONDON.

Laſt Monday Morning about 6 o'Clock, as James Dunning, Eſq; with his Lady and Son, were going in his Coach and Six to the Bath, attended by two Servants on Horſeback, they were ſtopt on Hounſlow Heath by three Highwaymen well mounted, with black Crape over their Faces, who robbed them of a Gold Watch, a Diamond Ring, and about 32 l. in Money, and rode off acroſs the Heath undiſcovered.

The ſame Day about 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon two Gentlemen, in a Coach and Four, were ſtopt between Coſham and Reading, in the County of Berks, by a ſingle Highwayman, who came up to the Coach Door with his Piſtol cock'd in his Hand, and with bitter Imprecations, bid them *Deliver without Reſiſtance, or he would ſhoot them thro' the Head*; and notwithſtanding ſeveral People were at Work in a Field, in Sight of him, he robbed them of their Money and Watches, and made off.

Yeſterday Morning the Right Hon. the Lady Viſcounteſs Dowager Howe ſet out from her Houſe in Old Bond-ſtreet for Uxbridge, for the Recovery of her Health.

On Thurſday laſt died the Rev. Mr. William Smith, Chaplain of his Majeſty's Ship the Bridgwater, now lying at Portſmouth.

Laſt Saturday died at Portſmouth, Mr. Moor, Carpenter of his Majeſty's Ship the Bedford; and the Lords of the Admiralty have been pleaſed to appoint the Carpenter of the Yarmouth to ſucceed him; the Carpenter of the Princeſs Mary to be Carpenter of the Yarmouth; the Carpenter of the Salamander to be Carpenter of the Princeſs Mary; and Mr. Knapton, Carpenter's Mate of the Blenheim, to be Carpenter of the Salamander.

On Monday Night laſt the Corpſe of Mrs. Andrews, Wife of James Andrews, Eſq; and Daughter of Lieutenant-General Whetham, was interred with great Pomp in Sunbury Church in the County of Middleſex.

This Day M. Marſhal, who lately arrived from the Court of Denmark with a private Commiſſion, will have his firſt Audience of her Majeſty at Kenſington.

Mr. Lynch, Son of the Rev. Dr. Lynch, and Grandſon to his Grace the Archbiſhop of Canterbury, is dangerouſly ill at his Grace's Palace at Lambeth.

Laſt Week the Rev. Mr. Evans was inducted into the Living of Langeler, in the County of Carmarthen, to which he was lately preſented by the Right Rev. the Lord Biſhop of St. Davids.

Yeſterday John Boſwell, a Guinea-Dropper, was tried at the Seſſions at the Old Bailey, for cheating and running away with a Silver Watch, the Property of Henry Sweetenham, on the 19th of May laſt. It appeared, that as Sweetenham was going along St. Paul's Church-yard, he picked up a Shilling; whereupon Boſwell and another cried, halves, and ſaid that they would ſpend the Shilling; to which Sweetenham agreeing, they went to the Black Spread-Eagle in Pater-noſter-Row. When they were in the Room, they ſaw a Pack of Cards on the Mantle-piece, which Sweetenham cut, and loſt 3 Shillings; then he cut again for two Guineas, and laid down his Watch on the Table as a Stake; but loſing he ſaid that he would not cut any more. The Priſoner ſaid, if he would not, he had a Stake in it, and ſnatched the Watch up, and run away with it, while the other Sharper held him. The Jury brought him in guilty 39 s.

John Willſon, a Haymaker, was capitally convicted, for robbing a Woman at Hammerſmith, of a Pocket, one Shilling, and a Thimble.

About Twelve were caſt for Tranſportation, and Ten acquitted.

The Trial of Mr. M'Cray, for a Robbery on the Highway, is to come on this Morning at 9 o'Clock.

As is alſo the Trial of Mrs. Calloway, for ſetting her Houſe on Fire in Cecil Court in St. Martin's-lane.

There will be an Oration this Evening at the Oratory on Arts and Sciences, at 5 o'Clock, this being the Anniverſary of opening the Oratory.

Edinburgh, June 26. Laſt Night the Earl of Finlater arrived from London; as did the Lord Delkford, his Son, from his Travels.

Northampton, June 30. On Friday laſt was committed to our Jail, Elizabeth Fawſon, on a ſtrong Suſpicion of poyſoning her Husband, Thomas Fawſon, jun. of Weſton and Weedon near Daventry (to whom ſhe had been married about ſix Weeks) by mixing a Quantity of Mercury with boyl'd Bread and Beer, a ſmall Time after which he was taken with violent Vomiting, and extream Pains in his Stomach and Bowels, in which he continued and languiſhed between two and three Days, and then expired.

And on the same Day one John Kinsman, a poor Shoemaker of Naisby, was, by upwards of a thousand Spectators (*very near Relations to the Wisemen of Gotham*) from all the neighbouring Villages, conducted to a great Pond in Kelmarsh Lordship, and underwent the Discipline of the Ducking-stool, for being suspected as a Wizzard, and conspiring with the Devil, his Master, to prevent the Lazy Dairy Woman's making good Butter and Cheese, &c. There was also one Barwick, who, in his great Integrity to see Justice done, offered himself to (and did) take the same Diversion, in order to prove that the Wizzard could not be plunged under Water so soon and easy as himself; tho' it is said, that another Dipping would have brought many of the Undertakers of this political Way of trying Wizzards and Witches, to have made but an indifferent Figure at our ensuing Assizes, as was the Fate of some of their neighbouring Country Folks a few Years since, when a poor old Woman lost her Life.

Yesterday Bank Stock was 136 1-half to 137. India 147 1-half, for the Opening. S. Sea 80 3-4ths, for the Opening. Old Annuity 105. New ditto 105 5-8ths, for the Opening. Three per Cent. Annuity 93 to 1-4th, for the Opening. Royal-Assurance 97 3-4ths, for the Opening. London-Assurance 12, for the Opening. African 15. India Bonds 4l. 3s. to 4s. Three per Cent. ditto 2l. 3s. S. Sea Bonds 3l. 2s. New Bank Circulation 7l. 17s. 6d. Salt Tallies 2l. 10s. English Copper 2l. 1s. Welsh ditto, Books shut. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 2l. per Cent. Discount.

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Whoever brings the said Mare, or gives Notice of her, so as she may be had again, to the said Mr. John Lund, shall receive a Guinea Reward, reasonable Charges, and no Questions asked.

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And as they have never once fail'd him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick; and that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy, as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3s. 6d. each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects, they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially, as one Bottle of them generally cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals that are.

Nor can there be prepar'd, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day, towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes, than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature, that it may be intirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tendereſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach, that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

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Queen-ſtreet, Dec. 16, 1734.

Mr. WEST,

I bought one of your Strengthening Bottles, *a Fortnight ago, ſince I was born I never took the like. I was ſo weak before I took it, that I could not go the Length of Cheapſide. I took twenty things at a great Expence, but to no Purpoſe; but bleſs God I am by taking it as well as ever I was in my Life, wiſhing that all that ſtand in need of the like may make uſe of it to the ſame Benefit.*

Yours,

R. Carpenter.

The Original to be ſeen at Mr. Weſt's.

LONDON: Printed for T. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Pater-noſter-Row.*

In Compliance with the Custom of new Papers, this will be delivered *gratis* for the first Week, to the Coffee-houses, by the Persons who serve them with the other Papers.